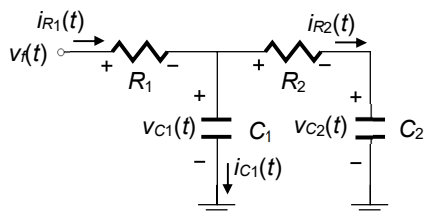


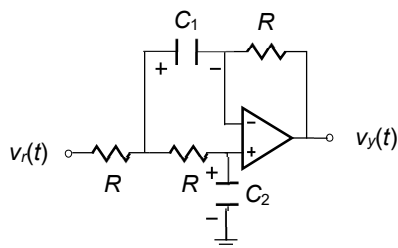
Third Test, Circuits III, May 12, 2023, Danilo Rairán

Name: _____ Code: _____

1. a) Compute a state space model of the following circuit. Consider $v_{C2}(t)$ as the output.
 b) Plot the block diagram.
 c) Draw an equivalent circuit using Operational Amplifiers (OpAmp)



2. a) Compute the transfer function of the following circuit.
 b) Compute the initial conditions, given $R = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$, $C1 = C2 = 10 \text{ }\mu\text{F}$, $v_r(t) = \mu(-t) \text{ (V)}$.
 c) Compute $v_y(t)$ if $v_r(t) = \mu(-t) + 2\mu(t) \text{ (V)}$.



- | | |
|--|--|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. a) /0.8 b) /0.8 c) /0.9 | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. a) /0.8 b) /0.9 c) /0.8 |
|--|--|

Third Test, Circuits III, November 13th, 2023, Danilo Rairán

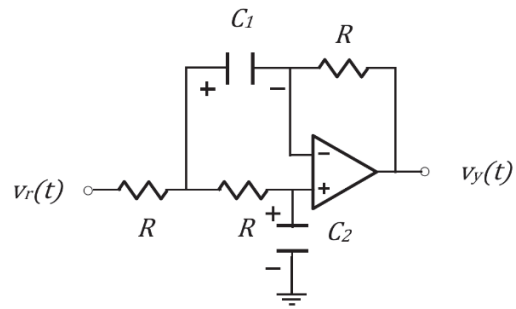
Name: _____ Code: _____

1.

a) Compute the transfer function of the following circuit.

b) If $R = 2 \Omega$, $C_1 = 1 F$, $C_2 = 2 F$, $v_r(t) = 2 + 3\mu(t)$, compute the $v_y(t)$.

c) Divide the answer in natural response, forced response, zero input response, zero states response, as equations and plot each of them.

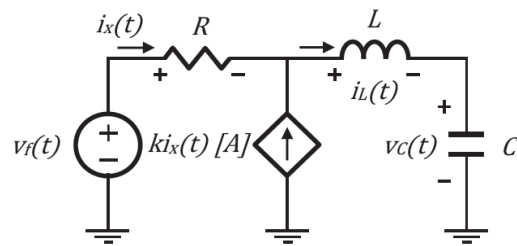


2.

a) If $x_1(t) = i_L(t)$ and $x_2(t) = v_C(t)$, compute a model in state space for $i_x(t)$ as output.

b) If $R = 2 \Omega$, $L = \frac{1}{2} H$, $C = \frac{1}{2} F$, $v_F(t) = u(-t) + 3u(t) [V]$, compute $i_x(t)$, equation and plot.

c) separate $i_x(t)$ in natural response, forced response, zero input response, zero states response, present each equation and plot them.



1.

2.

a) 0.8

a) 0.9

b) 0.8

b) 0.8

c) 0.9

c) 0.8